CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

No. 327 EVERY WEDNESDAY, JUNE 14, 1967 (1961年8月22日第三種郵便物認可) Price 15 yen (5 cents)

PREMIER KIM IL SUNG CABLES HEADS OF ARAB STATES

PYONGYANG, June 7 (KCNA)—Supporting the just struggle of the Arab peoples against the aggression of U.S. imperialism and Israeli expansionists, Premier Kim Il Sung sent the following telegram respectively to Gamal Abdel Nasser, President of the United Arab Republic; Noureddin Attassi, Head of State of the Arab Republic of Syria; Houari Boumedienne, Premier of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic; Abdel Rahman Mohammed Arif, President of the Iraqi Republic; Abdullah Sallal, President of the Yemeni Arab Republic; Moktar Ould Daddah, President of the Islamic Republic of Mauritania; Hussein the First, King of the Hashemite Kingdom of the Jordan; Sabah Al-Salem Al-Sabah, Sultan of the State of Kuwait; Charles Helou, President of the Lebanese Republic; Faisal Ibn Abdul Aziz Ibn Saud, King of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia; Moulay Hassan the Second, King of the Kingdom of Morocco; Habib Bourguiba, President of the Republic of Tunisia; Mohammed Idris El Senussi, King of the Kingdom of Libya; and Ahmed Shucairi, Chairman of the Palestinian Liberation Organization.

The Israeli expansionists, instigated by the U.S. imperialists, have started all-out armed invasion against the UAR and other Arab nations and the U.S. and British aggressors have begun joining in it openly.

This is a burglarious aggressive act of grossly violating the national independence and security of the Arab people and a grave menace to peace in the Near and Middle East and the rest of world.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people express towering indignation at this heinous criminal act of the U.S. and British imperialists and their lackeys, Israeli expansionists, and resolutely condemn it.

We express full support to and militant solidarity with the righteous war of resistance of the peoples of the entire Arab countries who have risen as one to oppose the U.S. and British imperialists and the Israeli expansionists, defend the national independence and honour of the Arab states and to liberate Palestine.

The U.S.-led imperialists and their stooges are the common enemy of the Korean and Arab peoples.

The Korean people regard the U.S. imperialist aggression against the Arab people as one against themselves and will do everything within their power to assist the Arab people in their just struggle against the aggressors.

The U.S. and British imperialists must take their blood-stained hands off the Near and Middle East at once. If they expand their intervention and aggressive war against the Arab people, they will only suffer irretrievable disastrous consequences arising therefrom.

Victory belongs to the Arab people who are firmly united.

I reassure you that the Korean people will always stand firmly on the side of the brotherly Arab people, and sincerely wish the Arab people brilliant victory in their just struggle against the aggressors.

Premier Kim Il Sung Receives Pan-African Women's Congress Delegation

Premier Kim Il Sung received on June 5 the delegation of the Pan-African Women's Congress.

Premier Kim Il Sung received on June 5 the delegation of the Pan-African Women's Congress now visiting our country.

Present on the occasion were delegation leader Cisse Jeanne Martin, General Secretary of the Pan-African Women's Congress and member Dialo Keita, its Administrative Secretary.

Choi Keum Ja, vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the Korean Democratic Women's Union, was also present on the occasion.

Premier Kim Il Sung had a cordial, friendly conversation with the guests.

DPRK Government Statement Against Israeli Armed Invasion into UAR

PYONGYANG, June 6 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement on June 6 in connection with the armed aggression launched by the Israeli Zionists against the United Arab Republic at the instigation of U.S. imperialism.

The statement reads as follows:

The Israeli expansionists who had been aggravating the Middle East situation to the extreme at the direct instigation of U.S. imperialism, launched at last an armed invasion against the United Arab Republic on June 5, 1967.

According to press reports, the Israeli aggressor troops bombed Cairo, the capital, and many other areas of the UAR, invading the UAR along the whole front of Sinai Peninsula.

The UAR army which had been keeping itself in full readiness in face of the aggressive moves of the U.S. imperialists and Israeli expansionists gave an immediate rebuff to the aggressors, inflicting serious losses to them.

Other Arab states have also launched counter-attacks to rout the Israeli aggressors invading the UAR.

The Syrian, Jordanian and Iraqi troops started joint operations against the Israeli aggressors, and Algeria, Kuwait and Sudan declared a state of war against Israel in succession. The entire Arab people have risen up as one against the Zionist clique in Israel, the common enemy.

The all-out armed invasion launched by the Israeli expansionists against the UAR and other Arab states at the instigation of U.S. imperialism is a brigandish aggressive act wantonly infringing upon the independence and security of the peoples of these countries and a grave menace to peace in the Middle East and the world.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people express burning indignation at such heinous criminal act of the U.S. imperialists and their stooge Israeli expansionists and scathingly condemn it.

The DPRK Government and the entire Korean people express full support to and militant solidarity with the people of the UAR, Syria, Iraq, Jordan, Algeria, Kuwait, Sudan and all other Arab states who have risen up in a just war of resistance against the U.S. imperialists and Israeli aggressors and in defence of national independence and honour.

The fact that U.S. imperialism, heedless of the unanimous denunciation of the world peace-loving people, dared push the expansionist clique in Israeli into an aggressive war against the Arab peoples eloquently shows how desperately it is driving for aggression and the provocation of a new war.

All the responsibility for the present Middle East situation rests wholly with U.S. imperialism.

It is none other than the U.S. imperialists who have armed the Israeli expansionists and directly planned, organized and instigated their aggression.

U.S. imperialism has been brewing from long ago a plot to enslave the Arab peoples and dominate the Near and Middle East by using Israel as a tool of aggression.

The U.S. imperialists recently resorted to brazen threat and blackmail, sending their 6th Fleet to the sea off the Arab states, and egged more openly the Israeli expansionists on to provocations, finally plunging them into an all-out armed invasion.

In order to achieve its wild desire for colonial domination in all parts of the world, U.S. imperialism intervenes in the liberation struggle of the people and resorts to armed aggression without hesitation when it fails to achieve its aggressive aim with the pressure of the dollar and gun.

That the U.S. imperialists are daily expanding the war of aggression in Vietnam, running amuck to ignite a new war in Korea and have enkindled the flames of another war in the Middle East once again clearly proves that U.S. imperialism is the main force of aggression and war, the international gendarme, the bulwark of modern colonialism and the most heinous enemy of the world's people.

It is a vicious challenge to all peace-loving people of the world that U.S. imperialism has started a new war of aggression against the Arab peoples by instigating its lackeys.

The people of the whole world will never tolerate the brigandish aggression by U.S. imperialism and its lackeys.

It is entirely right for the UAR, Syrian, Iraqi, Jordanian, Algerian, Kuwait, Sudanese and all other Arab peoples to unite close and rise up as one in the just war of resistance against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli aggressors.

The indomitable heroic stamina of the Arab peoples and their firm unity against the aggressors are a great might that nothing on earth can break.

The Arab peoples are only defending their national independence and territorial integrity and demanding the liberation of Palestine occupied by the Israeli aggressors. This is an inviolable, sacred right of the Arab peoples.

The UAR Government exercised the legitimate, sovereign right of the UAR people when it closed the Gulf of Aqaba as a counter-measure against the aggressive manoeuvres of Israel.

The U.S. imperialists have

(Continued on page 3, col. 4)

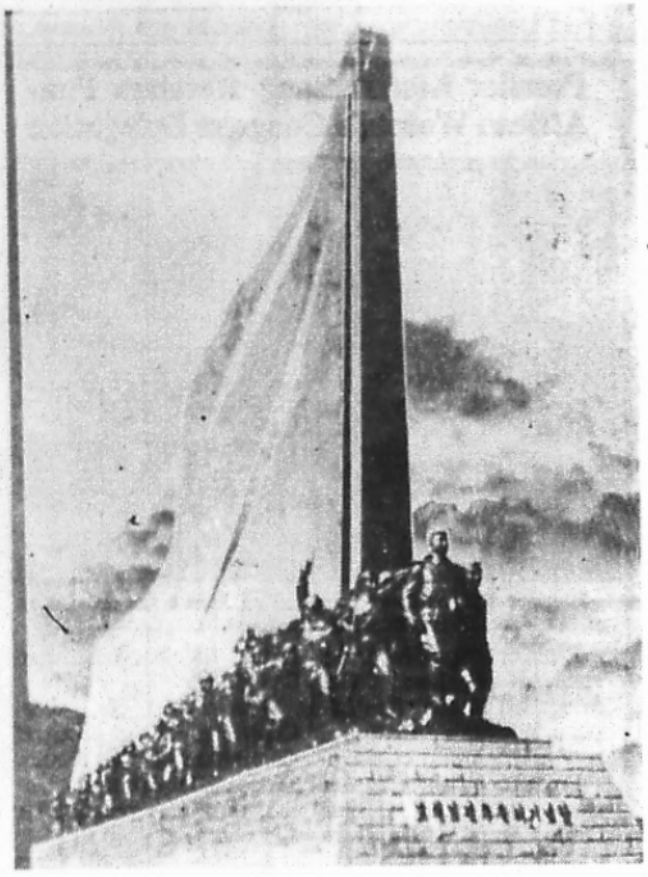
CHONGRYUN Blasts U.S.-Backed Israeli Aggression

The Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGRYUN) bitterly accused in a statement issued on June 7 the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, the Israeli expansionists, of committing aggression against the Arab peoples, and pledged full support to the fighting Arab peoples.

The statement declared that all the responsibility for the current Near and Middle East situation rests wholly with the U.S. imperialists.

CLOSED SHELF

Monument to Victory in Bochunbo Battle Unveiled



The Monument to the Victory in the Bochunbo Battle was unveiled on June 4 at a grand ceremony in Hesan, Ryanggang Province, a historical revolutionary battlefield in the northern border region. Photo: The mammoth monument 38.7 metres high and 30.3 metres long

Hesan, June 4 (KCNA)—The Korean people are today significantly commemorating the 30th anniversary of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army personally led by Comrade Kim Il Sung in the Bochunbo battle against the Japanese imperialists (June 4, 1937).

The Monument to the Victory in the Bochunbo Battle was unveiled today at a grand ceremony in Hesan, Ryanggang Province, a historical revolutionary battlefield in the northern border region.

The monument is a comprehensive symbolization of the whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle waged by the anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters led by Comrade Kim Il Sung for 15 years with arms in hands, for the restoration of the fatherland and the freedom and happiness of the people, in the darkest period of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, a symbol of the victory in the Bochunbo battle in which the Korean People's Revolutionary Army personally directed by Comrade Kim Il Sung beat Japanese imperialist bandits by advancing into the fatherland and gave the homeland people the firm confidence in and gleam of victory.

The monument is a mammoth edifice 38.7 metres high and 30.3 metres long. It consists of a flying red banner and an eight metre high statue of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of the Korean people, a group of 60 anti-Japanese fighters and patriotic people marching courageously behind him on both sides of the flag.

The unveiling ceremony was attended by more than 5,000 people from all parts of Ryanggang Province, Pyongyang and other areas of the country.

Present there were Comrades Kim Il, Choi Hyun, Li Yung Ho and Li Kook Jin, and Cabinet Ministers, generals of the Korean People's Army, leading personnel of mass organizations, participants of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, bereaved families of revolutionaries, and responsible functionaries of the Party and Government organs in the province.

Among the attendants were members of the delegation of Koreans in Japan headed by Comrade Li Sim Chul, which came home to express thanks on the 10th anniversary of the first remittance of educational aid funds from the fatherland to the Koreans in Japan.

At 9 sharp, Comrade Kim Il cut the red tape before the monument amid the salvo of 30-gun salute and welcome music.

Then a basket of flowers from the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party, the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly and the Cabinet of the Republic, was placed in front of the monument.

Thousands of balloons were released into the sky accompanied by the stormy cheers of the crowd: "Long live the Korean Workers' Party!" "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung!" "Long live the 30th anniversary of the victory in the Bochunbo battle!"

Comrade Kim Il delivered a report. (**a summary of the report on page 2 below**)

Pak Yung Sup, Chairman of the Ryanggang Provincial People's Committee, made a speech reviewing the course of the construction of the monument.

He was followed on the rostrum by representatives of various strata of the people.

After the unveiling ceremony, the leading personnel present there looked around the monument.

Working people in the province laid wreaths of flowers before the monument.

By First vice-Premier Kim Il

Report at Unveiling Ceremony for Monument to Victory in Bochunbo Battle

Underscoring the historical significance of the Bochunbo battle, one of the important operations which brilliantly adorned the militant path of the 15 year long anti-Japanese armed struggle which was crowned with victory in the end, First vice-Premier Kim Il said:

Thirty years ago today, the anti-Japanese guerrillas personally led by Comrade Kim Il Sung broke through the water-tight boundary defence network, which the enemy boasted of as an "iron wall defence," and marched into Bochunbo, destroying the Japanese imperialist organs and pouring the fire of revenge on the enemy. The raging flames that flared up in the night sky over Bochunbo struck terror into the hearts of the Japanese imperialist bandits and brilliantly illumined the road of national resurrection to the fatherland filled with resentment and agony.

The great significance of the Bochunbo battle **"lies in that it threw the gleam of revolution giving the conviction that the Koreans were not dead but were alive and that they could win when they fought Japanese imperialism."** (Kim Il Sung)

Consecutive victories in the Bochunbo battle and countless other battles instilled national pride and firm confidence in victory into the people and powerfully inspired them in the anti-Japanese struggle in the dark days when the Japanese imperialist colonial suppression was at its height.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung was the most glorious struggle that defended the national honour of the revolutionary people and demonstrated their unbreakable revolutionary mettle to the whole world, in the flames of which the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the Korean Workers' Party were shaped.

The lofty revolutionary spirit and immortal revolutionary exploits of the revolutionary fighters in the anti-Japanese armed struggle will shine resplendently in the history of the revolutionary movement of the Korean people as eternally as the Monument to the Victory in the Bochunbo Battle towering high in the sky over the fatherland here, at the foot of Mt. Paikdoo and will be handed down through generations.

Marking this significant day, we pay deepest respects and greatest honour to Comrade Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot and outstanding leader of the Korean people, who personally founded the anti-Japanese guerrillas, shouldering the destiny of the Korean people in the grimmest days of the Japanese imperialist rule, blazed the trail for the Korean revolution to victory, leading the armed struggle for 15 long years, and thus brought the freedom and happiness we enjoy today.

We also pay high tribute and honour from the bottom of our hearts to the revolutionary fighters who, under the guidance of the leader, valiantly fought with arms in their hands for laying a solid foundation of the Korean revolution as we see today and for the liberation of the nation and the cause of socialism and communism and to numerous known and unknown revolutionary forerunners who laid down their precious lives in the sacred anti-Japanese struggle.

The situation obtaining in our country at the turn of the 1930's under the ever more tyrannical rule of the Japanese imperialist bandits urgently demanded as never before an outstanding leader and far-sighted leadership capable of guiding the Korean revolution to victory, he said, and continued:

This ardent desire of the nation for the Korean revolution and urgent demand for the development of the revolutionary movement were brilliantly fulfilled only when Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly took his place in the van of the Korean revolution and guided the struggle of our people along the road of victory beneath the invincible banner of Marxism-Leninism.

On the basis of a scientific analysis of the obtaining revolutionary situation and the lessons of all preceding struggles, Comrade Kim Il Sung defined an armed struggle for resisting counter-revolutionary armed forces with revolutionary armed forces as the main form of struggle in the revolutionary movement in our country and founded the anti-Japanese guerrillas, a genuine Marxist-Leninist revolutionary armed force.

The founding of the anti-Japanese guerrillas and the organization and launching of armed struggle developed the anti-Japanese national liberation struggle of the Korean people and the communist movement in Korea to a new, higher stage on an overall scale.

Comrade Kim Il Sung organically integrated Marxism-Leninism with practice in the Korean revolution, put forth a clear-cut revolutionary line and scientific strategy and tactics and always led the anti-Japanese guerrillas and the masses of people to shining victory, overcoming in person all obstacles standing in the way of struggle.

Looking back on the days of the arduous, difficult anti-Japanese guerrilla struggle, the speaker continued:

The fame of Comrade Kim Il Sung, an ever-victorious iron-willed commander, spread forcefully throughout the country together with news of the dauntless struggle of the anti-Japanese guerrillas and enkindled the flames of national resurrection in the hearts of the Korean people, inspiring their ardour in struggle.

In the grim days when fascist suppression by the Japanese imperialists was at its height, the Korean people looked upon Comrade Kim Il Sung as the great leader of the Korean revolution and the outstanding leader of the Korean people, sincerely desired to become his soldiers placing all hopes in him and absolutely trusting and respecting him and rose up as one in the sacred struggle for the liberation of the fatherland along the road indicated by him.

The anti-Japanese guerrillas and the revolutionary masses firmly united around the leader in one mind and one will, fought as one, helping and pulling up each other beneath the uplifted red banner of revolution, made brilliant revolutionary exploits amidst the flames of

(**Continued on page 3, col. 1**)

(Continued from page 2)
the struggle and eventually achieved the liberation of the fatherland.

In the course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of a Marxist-Leninist party were made and such rich and valuable revolutionary exploits and battle experiences as the building of revolutionary armed forces, establishment of a revolutionary people's power and formation of an anti-Japanese national united front were garnered. And the tradition of such Marxist-Leninist ideas as the ideas of Juche (national self-identity) and indomitable revolutionary spirit, socialist patriotism and proletarian internationalism, and of revolutionary work methods and popular style of work were established.

The brilliant revolutionary traditions which were wrought in the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle were the firm historical root of our Party and the decisive guarantee for the ultimate victory of the Korean revolution.

Our people could win great victories and successes at each stage and in each period of the development of the Korean revolution after the Liberation and build a prospering and developing socialist fatherland today in this land by upholding, carrying forward and developing in an all-round way the brilliant revolutionary traditions established in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

The speaker dwelt on the great revolutionary work carried out right after the Liberation under the guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, such as the founding of the Korean Workers' Party with its root in the glorious revolutionary traditions, establishment of a people's power, enforcement of democratic reforms and the founding of the People's Army as the direct successor to the anti-Japanese guerrillas.

The Korean people victoriously repulsed the armed invasion of world reactionaries led by U.S. imperialism and defended with honour the independence of the fatherland and the revolutionary gains by turning the northern half of the country into a revolutionary, democratic base and fortifying it politically, economically and militarily.

Pointing out that the Korean people who won victory in the Patriotic War of Liberation have scored enormous successes in the socialist construction in the postwar period, he further went on:

As Comrade Kim Il Sung taught us, **"Juche in ideology, independence in politics, self-reliance in economy and self-defence in national defence—this is the consistent stand and line of our Party."**

Our Party, thoroughly rejecting sectarianism, revisionism, dogmatism, flunkeyism and big-nation chauvinism at all times, has established Juche in all domains and solved all problems arising in revolution and construction independently and mainly on its own strength. Thus, it has been able to correctly lead the Korean revolution along the shortest cut without the slightest deviation under the complex, difficult situation both internal and external.

Today a socialist system free from exploitation and oppression has been firmly established in the northern part of Korea and our country has developed into a socialist industrial-agricultural state with a solid self-supporting foundation of national economy thanks to the creative labour struggle of the masses of people who are united close around the Party and the leader, upholding their far-sighted leadership.

In face of incessant military provocations by the U.S. imperialists occupying South Korea, our Party and people have successfully carried on in recent years the enormous work of pushing ahead economic construction and defence build-up in parallel, turning the People's Army into revolutionary armed forces of each being a match for one hundred enemies by training it into a cadre army and modernizng it, placing the entire people under arms and converting the whole country into a fortress.

Today our country has firmly built up a water-tight self-defence posture so as to reliably defend the revolutionary gains from any encroachment of the enemy.

Thanks to its successes and examples made in revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the Party and the leader and its exploits for the development of the international communist movement and world revolution, the prestige and international position of our country have been enhanced markedly.

The course of the struggle for revolution and construction following the Liberation has been also a course of constantly expanding and consolidating our revolutionary ranks by strengthening the Party and rallying broad masses around it.

Today our Party has firmly established on a party-wide scale the unitary party ideas of breathing and acting in one mind and one will with the Party Central Committee headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung; our Party has grown into a big contingent over 1,600,000 strong, embracing together with veteran communists tempered in the anti-Japanese armed struggle, new revolutionaries who are reliably carrying forward our revolutionary cause.

The ever victorious Party guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung, steel-like unity of the Party and the entire people, powerful self-supporting national economy and invincible revolutionary armed forces—this is the mighty wherewithal for the victory of our revolution on a nation-wide scale and for the cause of socialism and communism.

The Ten-Point Programme of the Associason for the Restoration of the Fatherland, for which the revolutionary forerunners fought shedding their blood, has already been translated into reality in the northern half of the country. But the ardent desire for the restoration of the fatherland has not yet been materialized in one half of this land, the reporter said, and continued:

"The greatest national task confronting the Korean Workers' Party and the Korean people at the present stage is to accomplish the country's reunification and the triumph of the revolution on a nation-wide scale." (Kim Il Sung)

Having occupied South Korea, the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of the Korean people, have not only turned it into their colony and military base but instigated their lackeys, the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, to usher the Japanese militarists into South Korea so as to attain their aggressive ambition against the whole of Korea and Asia, and continuously drive out a large number of youths to the shambles of South Vietnam.

We can not be indifferent toward the national tragedy imposed upon the compatriots in the South.

The reunification of the fatherland is the lofty revolutionary task which must be carried out in our generation, we cannot hand down the divided fatherland to the next generation.

Our people do not want a war, but never fear it.

If the U.S. imperialists dare provoke a new war against us, we will determinedly stand up and fight in defence of every inch of the fatherland at the cost of our lives, completely wipe out the enemy and liberate the southern half.

Referring to the task of the revolutionaries in South Korea, the speaker said: Their task is, first of all, to build up a Marxist-Leninist party, the general staff of the revolution, form a powerful main force of revolution, and unite around it all the anti-U.S., patriotic forces. Thus, they should form a broad anti-U.S. united front for national salvation, come out in the nation-wide resistance struggle against the U.S. imperialists, and their stooge Pak Jung Hi clique and reunify the split country, uniting with the powerful socialist forces in the northern half of the country.

Analysing the development of the international situation at present, First vice-Premier Kim Il stressed: We will, in the future, too, resolutely struggle for the unity of the international communist movement based on Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism, adhering to an independent stand and opposing Left and Right opportunism.

First vice-Premier Kim Il declared in conclusion:

The road ahead of our revolution is thorny and rugged. But, our people are invincible because they have the great leader of the Korean revolution who has led the Korean people to victory for 40 odd years, have built up powerful revolutionary forces, inheriting the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle, and command the extensive support of the international revolution.

DPRK Gov't Statement

(Continued from page 1)
no ground whatsoever to meddle in this.

The peace-loving people the world over are actively supporting the just cause of the Arab peoples and firmly standing on their side.

The wilder the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys run, the more they will be isolated from the world's people and the more speedily they will precipitate their doom.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors are utterly isolated in the world.

Today it is only such human scums as the Pak Jung Hi clique of South Korea and the Cao Ky clique of South Vietnam who are trailing after the U.S. imperialists in their aggressive acts.

The Pak Jung Hi clique long ago established close state relations with the Zionists in Israel and have invariably pursued a hostile policy toward the Arab peoples.

Everyone remembers that at the time of the Suez war in 1956 the South Korean puppet clique raved that they would dispatch volunteers to help the British, French and Israeli aggressors against the Egyptian people.

Today the Pak Jung Hi clique have sent over 50,000 puppet troops to the aggressive war of the U.S. imperialists in South Vietnam, thus standing fully naked as a bloody hangman for U.S. imperialism trying to strangulate the national liberation movement of the Asian and African peoples.

Parroting the U.S. masters on the current Middle East situation, too, the South Korean puppet clique are zealously vindicating the Israeli aggressors and hurling intolerable insult and slanders at the just cause of the Arab peoples.

The Korean people will not overlook this despicable, criminal act of the South Korean puppet clique and will surely pass severe judgement upon them.

U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, Zionists in Israel and the Pak Jung Hi clique of South Korea, are the common enemies of the Korean and Arab peoples.

Israel cooked up by U.S. imperialism is the source of constant unrest and calamity in the Arab world; the Pak Jung Hi clique supported by the bayonet of U.S. imperialism are unpardonable traitors to the Korean people.

Only by dealing blows not only to the U.S. imperialist aggressors but their lackeys such as Zionists in Israel, the Pak Jung Hi clique and the Cao Ky clique alike and sweeping them away, will we be able to stop the U.S. imperialists from riding roughshod everywhere.

In the struggle against the common enemies, U.S. imperialism and its lackeys, the Korean people will always march ahead firmly hand in hand with the fraternal Arab peoples.

The Korean people regard the aggression of U.S. imperialism against the Arab peoples as one against themselves and are filled with the determination and fighting will to do everything in their power to aid the Arab peoples in their just struggle against the aggressors.

At present the U.S. imperialists are hatching a plot to launch direct armed intervention against the Arab peoples by mustering the British imperialists and other followers in a number of Western countries.

The obtaining situation demands the entire anti-imperialist forces of the world pool their strength and take a more determined step in checking the aggressive manoeuvres of the U.S. imperialists in order to safeguard world peace and guarantee the security of the people.

Ours is an era of revolution, an era of struggle against U.S. imperialism. The socialist countries, national independent countries in Asia and Africa and the world peace-loving people should actively assist the Vietnamese people who are shedding blood in the struggle against U.S. imperialism and actively aid the Arab peoples who are undergoing new aggression of U.S. imperialism.

They should deal blows to the U.S. imperialists in all parts of the world wherever they set foot, disperse their forces to the maximum and bind them hand and foot so that they can not act arbitrarily. The U.S. imperialist aggressors must stop at once their aggressive act against the Arab peoples and take their hands off the Near and Middle East.

The Israeli aggressors must be punished. They must withdraw forthwith from Palestine which they have long occupied.

If the U.S. imperialists, defying the strong denunciation of the Korean people and the world's people dare set out to spread the flames of aggressive war against the Arab peoples they will bring about irretrievable, disastrous consequences and will meet the stern verdict of history and people.

The cause of the Arab peoples fighting against the aggressors will surely be crowned with victory.

Leaflets Against "UNC-URK" Distributed in South Korea

According to a report from Seoul, leaflets attacking the "United Nations Commission for Unification and Rehabilitation of Korea," an aggressive tool of U.S. imperialism, were distributed in Mokpo, South Cholla Province. It came to the city under the name of "supervising elections."

Frightened by the people's rejection of the fraudulent "elections," the Pak Jung Hi clique dispatched over 300 police to Mokpo from Kwangjoo and other places, creating a terror-ridden atmosphere there.

10,000 South Korean People Demonstrate Against "Election"

More than 10,000 people in Mokpo, South Cholla Province, staged a demonstration on the evening of June 3, against the fraudulence of the Pak Jung Hi clique in connection with the "National Assembly election," according to press reports from South Korea.

The demonstrators, defying the police suppression, marched through the streets, shouting: "Prevent election rigging!" "Smash the phoney election!"

The demonstration was touched off by the exposure of concoction of over 20,000 bogus "voters" by the Pak Jung Hi clique in Mokpo city. The demonstrators lashed at the Pak Jung Hi clique who had registered on the "voters lists" even those who moved out or died and were registering their men two or three times in different constituencies.

Four Reporters Arrested

The Pak Jung Hi clique on June 6 arrested four reporters of Chosun Ilbo, Dong-a Ilbo and Kunghyang Shinmoon covering election irregularities in Mokpo, South Cholla Province, a South Korean radio reported.

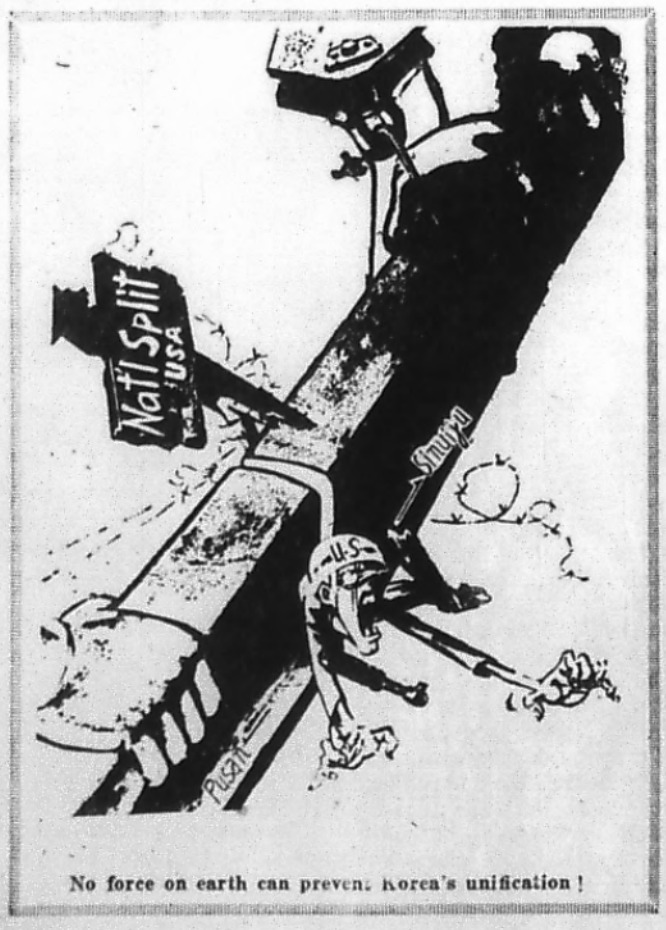
The above reporters were taken to the police station by three plainclothesmen and 20 hooligans when they called at the "election liaison office of the Democratic Republican Party" in the city to obtain material on "election" irregularities.

Special Alert Proclaimed

The Pak Jung Hi gang on June 2 declared special alert all over South Korea in connection with the "National Assembly election."

This fascist step came a week ahead of the "election."

Late in May, they let loose even MPs belonging to the "Metropolitan Garrison Command" in Seoul for the suppression of the people, in the city alone, over 800 people were arrested on the last two days of May.



No force on earth can prevent Korea's unification!

S.Korean "Nat'l Assembly Election" —Farce to Gild U.S. Rule

The South Korean "National Assembly election" on June 8 was a marionette farce to gild the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and a foul strife for power among the reactionary bureaucrats.

Like all the proceding ones, the puppet "general election" had been prepared in an atmosphere of terror and swindling. The ugly nature of the "election" found vivid expression in the number of "voters registered" which had swollen 780,000 above that at the time of the puppet "presidential election" held one month before and in the three-man and five-man groups organized by the Pak Jung Hi clique for ballot stuffing and voting by proxy in their favour.

It is clear that the "election" will bring no change in the South Korean situation since the "National Assembly" there is no more than a camouflage for the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and its policy of aggression.

what the successive "National Assemblies" did in South Korea was to rubberstamp hosts of treacherous, shackling "treaties" and "agreements" including the "ROK-U.S. Mutual Defense Pact" as well as reactionary, anti-popular "laws" and "resolutions" to "legalize" the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops, sell out national sovereignty to foreign aggressors, destroy national economy and drive the people into the depths of misery.

The traitorous nature of the puppet "National Assembly" has become ever more pronounced since the Pak Jung Hi clique came to power. It "approved" the "R-OK-Japan Treaty" designed to justify the re-invasion of South Korea by Japanese imperialism, the "bill on the dispatch of South Korean puppet troops to South Vietnam" and has rigged up many fascist evil laws such as "Anti-Communist Law" and "National Security Law.

All this shows that the South Korean "National Assembly" is a tool faithfully serving the U.S. imperialist colonial rule.

Now the Pak Jung Hi clique are making a splash about "economic construction" and "modernization" to win the favour of the people. No flowery words, however, can hide their traitorous nature. It is clear that the "election" will bring no change in South Korea, no matter how many times it may be held, as long as the U.S. imperialists stay on there as the colonial ruler.

As the history of U.S.-occupied South Korea over the last 20 odd years shows, any "election" without the participation of people's representatives is a humbug and the "National Assembly" fabricated through it cannot represent the interests of the people.

What the South Korean people are required to do is to frustrate the plot of the Pak Jung Hi military fascist clique to remain in power through the phoney "election" and to fight against the U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of the Korean people, and their stooges Pak Jung Hi clique.

A mass game: "U.S. colonial ruling system in South Korea"

Papers of Socialist Countries Supporting Koreans' Struggles in Japan

The moves of the Japanese authorities to abrogate the Agreement on the Repatriation of Korean Citizens in Japan and deprive them of the right to democratic, national education are sharply criticized by the press in socialist countries.

Mongolian paper **Hudulmur**, in a commentary headlined, "Question on Korean Residents in Japan," delcared that both in the light of its indelible crimes against the Korean people and international law and usage, the Japanese Government should guarantee the national rights of the Korean residents in Japan as foreigners, according to a report from Ulan Bator.

It is reported from Budapest that Hungarian paper **Nepszapa**, in a commentary, denounced the U.S. imperialists for egging the Japanese imperialists to intensify suppression and violence against Koreans in Japan. It demanded the Sato Government put an immediate end to its suppression of Korean residensts.

Czechoslovak paper **Rude Pravo** carried an article captioned, "Agreement is Not Scrap Paper," according to a report from Prague.

Noting that there are 600,000 Korean residents in Japan and many of them are desirous of returning home, the article lashed at the Japanese authorities for trying to wreck the repatriation agreement.

OSPAAL Supports Korea's Unification

The Executive Secretariat of the Organization of Solidarity of Peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America expressed militant solidarity with the Korean people in the just struggle for defending the country from U.S. imperialism and its stooges and reunifying the country.

The secretariat wrote this in a telegram to the Korean Committee for Asian-African Solidarity replying to the latter's greetings on the first anniversary of its founding.

The telegram expressed the conviction that if U.S. imperialism and its stooges again invaded the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Korean people with the glorious traditions of struggle would make a clean sweep of the aggressors and set a new example for the entire people of the world.

Vietnam Scientific Body Defends Koreans' Rights Here

The Democratic Scientists Society of Korea received recently a telegram from the Central Committee of the Vietnam Scientific and Technical Dissemination Society, supporting the struggle of the Korean people and scientists for defending the democratic, national rights of Koreans in Japan.

The Vietnamese scientists, the telegram said, sternly denounce the Japanese authorities' intrigues to suppress the democratic and national rights of Koreans in Japan.

Foreign Congratulations on 8th CHONGRYUN Congress

On the occasion of its Eighth Congress (held on May 24 and lasted until May 26), the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGRYUN) received many congratulatory telegrams and messages from abroad. They were printed in the May 25 issue of our paper (No. 325 issue). Since then, letters with similar contents of congratulations came from the following organizations: **The Committee for the Defense of Human Rights in Berlin, the Democratic Republic of Germany; the Vietnam Federation of Trade Unions; the Near and Middle East Asian Institute of the Department of Philosophy of Humboldt University in Berlin; the Congolese Association of Friendship Between Peoples, and the Organization of Solidarity with Peoples in Asia, Africa and Latin America.** *Shown below is the message from the Vietnam Federation of Trade Unions.*

Dear Friends,

On behalf of the Vietnam Federation of Trade Unions, we would like to convey to all delegates to the 8th Plenary Meeting of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan our warmest greetings.

The workers and people of Vietnam who are standing on the frontline of the struggle against the U.S. imperialists have always followed with sympathy the struggle of the Korean residents in Japan in particular and of the Korean people in general for an independent and unified Korea.

We note with great elation that over the past time, you have achieved many good successes in rallying the Korean residents in Japan around the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in the struggle against the U.S. imperialists and their henchmen, for peace, national independence and democracy.

We are also deeply impressed by the devoted support of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and of the Korean residents in Japan so far extended to the Vietnamese people's struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

On this occasion, we would like to thank sincerely your Association for that valuable support.

We avail ourselves of this opportunity to wish your Meeting brilliant successes and your Association many new achievements in promoting the unity of the Korean residents in Japan, in gaining for them vital interests and other democratic liberties and in realizing a peaceful, united, independent, prosperous and strong Korea.

With the deep conviction that the just struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation of the Vietnamese people would enjoy ever growing support from your Association, we are sending friendly greetings.

For the Vietnam Federation of Trade Unions,
Nguyen Cong Ho
Secretary

Written Demand of CHONGRYUN Congress

Yoon Sang Chul, Director of the External Affairs Department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (CHONGRYUN), and other representatives of the association on June 3 called on Toshio Kimura, Deputy Director of the Cabinet Secretariat of Japan, and delivered a letter addressed to the Japanese Government, which had been adopted at the Eighth CHONGRYUN Congress.

The letter strongly demanded the Japanese Government abrogate the "ROK-Japan Treaty," main obstacle to the reunification of Korea, and stop the re-invasion of South Korea by Japanese monopolies.

It also demanded the Japanese Government accord fair treatment to the Korean nationals in Japan, DPRK citizens, and fully ensure their rights to repatriation, national education, and other democratic, national rights.

Koreans' Movements for Defense Of Rights Mounting Here

Korean people demanding the Japanese authorities extend the repatriation agreement for another year as it is (May 31, in front of the Japan Red Cross main building, Tokyo)

The heat of this May in Japan was no less intolerable than the heat of summer two months ahead. Notwithstanding this heat, however, Korean people in Japan were developing more vigorously than ever before their struggles to defend their repatriation work and democratic and national education, in opposition to the Japanese Government's machinations to destroy them.

Some 800 Koreans in Tokyo and from its neighbouring districts on May 31 paid a round of visits to the government authorities concerned, including Prime Ministers' official residence, the ministries of Foreign Affairs, Education and Justice and the Japan Red Cross and demanded unamended extension of the repatriation agreement and the guarantee of their democratic and national education in this country. Elected from among the petitioners that day, a group of representatives strongly demanded an interview with the competent government officials, but their demand was flatly turned down. Armed policemen had been deployed around government buildings with a view to blocking the petitioners from nearing the buildings. This unjust attitude of the Japanese government authorities infuriated the petitioners, who broke out into fierce denunciation: "The Japanese Government's attitude to frustrate our repatriation work and to undermine our education for our younger generations, constitutes the grave infringement upon the principles of international law and practices. The Japanese Government is obligated to take sincerely into consideration the historical background to our present massive settlement in this country."

On June 1, some 500 Koreans living in Tokyo, and in Yamanashi, Wakayama and Gumma prefectures visited the government authorities concerned.

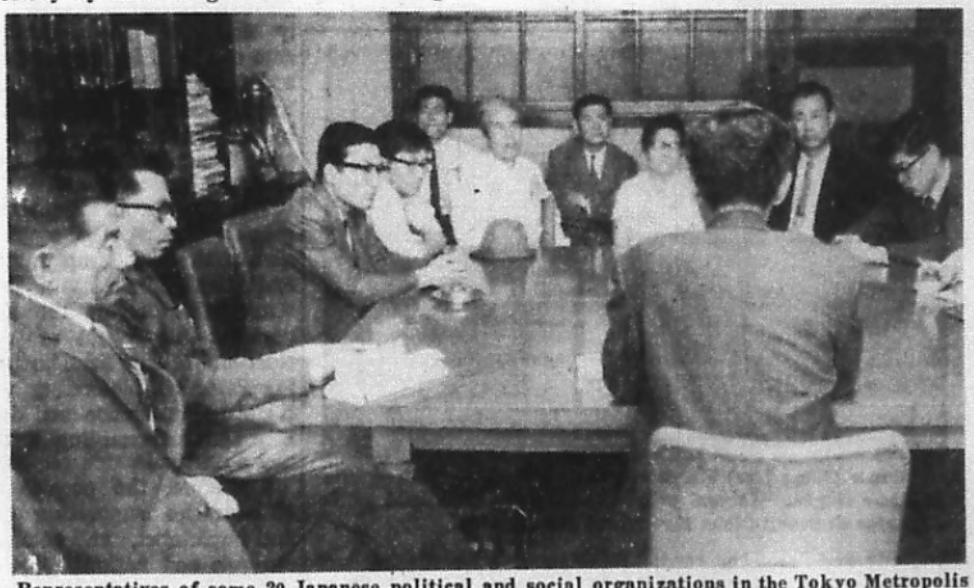
Koreans' petition movements for these purposes continued also on June 3 in many parts of Japan and on as large scale as in the cases of those on preceding days.

More recently, on June 3, representatives of the Workers' Union of the Research Institute for Industrial Science under Tokyo University visited the Education Ministry and demanded the immediate cancellation of the bill for setting up a "foreigners' school system."

Five municipal assemblies in Gumma Prefecture recently dispatched their representations to their central government. The representatives handed to the officials concerned the resolutions their assemblies had adopted to defend the legitimate rights of Koreans in Japan to their national education and repatriation.

Growing Support of Japanese for Koreans' Rights To Repatriation and National Education

Parallel to the upsurge of the movements of Korean people in Japan demanding unamended extension of the existing repatriation agreement for another year and the complete freedom of their national education, which the Japanese authorities are going to destroy by instituting the so-called "foreigners' school system," Japanese people's support for these movements is also daily growing. There is widespread fear among the Japanese people that suppression of Koreans' democratic and national rights will necessarily lead to that of their own.



Representatives of some 20 Japanese political and social organizations in the Tokyo Metropolis holding an interview with an Education Ministry official (May 30, at the Education Ministry)

Representatives of some 20 Japanese political and social organizations on May 30 visited the Education Ministry and demanded that the ministry withdraw the bill for establishing a "foreigners' school system," scheduled to be led to the current Diet for approval. The organizations included the Japan Socialist Party, the Japan Communist Party, the Teachers' Union of the Tokyo Metropolis, the Tokyo Metropolitan Headquarters of the Japan-Korea Association.

Earlier on May 24, some 70 representatives from the Japan High School Teachers Union called at Prime Minister's official residence and the Education Ministry and made similar demands. On those occasions, they also demanded the government officials that the present Agreement on the Repatriation of Koreans in Japan to the DPRK be extended for another year as it is.

Meahwhile, during these days, many Japanese local assemblies adopted resolutions demanding unconditional extension of the repatriation agreement and the guarantee of Koreans' independent educational activities in this country. The resolutions adopted were in most cases handed directly to the government authorities concerned by representatives of these assemblies.

Representing the professors at Rikkyo University in Tokyo, Shoji Yamada and two other professors of the university on May 30 had an interview with the chairman of the Lower House Education Committee and handed to him a joint statement issued by 78 professors at the university demanding the Government destroy the "foreigners' school system bill" which might result in infringing upon the freedom of academic pursuits in Japan.

World Public Support Arab Peoples' Just Struggle

Beirut citizens made on June 6 a demonstration against the U.S. backing of Israeli aggression. They attacked the U.S. embassy there, burned many American trucks.

Socialist Countries

Socialist countries are condemning the Israeli expansionists who, at the instigation of U.S. imperialism, launched armed invasion against the United Arab Republic and other Arab countries and expressing solidarity with the Arab peoples in their just resistance struggle.

According to reports, the Soviet Government handed to the Israeli side a memorandum in which it cut diplomatic ties with Israel, condemning Israel's aggression and resolutely supporting the struggle of the governments and peoples of the UAR, Syria and other Arab countries and expressing the belief that they will never lose sovereignty.

According to a Hsinhua report from Peking, the Government of the Chinese People's Republic issued on June 6, a statement which said: the armed aggression of Israel against the UAR, Syria, and other Arab countries, under the instigation and support of the U.S. imperialists, is an intolerable, new criminal act of U.S. imperialism and Israel and is a grave provocative act against the Asian and African peoples and the world people.

According to foreign news dispatches, the governments of Poland, Hungary, Bulgaria and Albania and the Foreign Ministry of Czechoslovakia issued statements, condemning the armed invasion by Israel and expressing solidarity with the just struggle of the peoples of the Arab countries who rose up in the resistance struggle.

Asia & Africa

Mali Foreign Minister Ousmane Ba resolutely supported the UAR and other Arab countries in their struggle against foreign aggression, according to Radio Mali. He gave this support in the name of the Mali Government.

It is reported from Nouakchott that the National Political Bureau of the Mauritanian People's Party issued a statement on June 6, declaring that the People's Party, organizations of Mauritania will march ahead hand in hand with the Arab countries in the just struggle against the Israeli expansionists and imperialists.

According to a report from Mogadiscio, the Women's Association, the Youth League and the Federation of Students Union of Somalia expressed full support to the peoples of Arab countries who rose up in the struggle against the Israeli aggressors.

The Libyan Government announced on June 6 a state of emergency throughout the country, expressing solidarity with the Arab nations against the aggression of Israel, it is reported from Tripoli.

According to a report from Rawalpindi, President Ayub Khan declared on June 6 that Pakistan would extend all moral, political and material assistance to the Arab countries in their struggle against Israel's naked aggression.

According to a report from Kabul, Mohammed Maiwandwal, Prime Minister of Afghanistan, on June 5 declared in his speech at the Lower House that his Government expresses full sympathy with the Arab brothers and supports their rights.

Int'l Organizations

The Secretariat of the World Federation of Trade Unions sent on June 6 a telegram to the trade unions of the UAR and Syria and the International Confederation of Arab Trade Unions scathingly condemning aggression by Israel, according to a report from Prague.

According to another report from Prague, the Secretariat of the International Organization of Journalists condemned the Israeli aggression against the UAR and other Arab countries and voiced solidarity with the Arab journalists.

A report from Conakry said that the Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Lawyers Conference issued a statement on June 5 roundly condemning the U.S. and British imperialists who launched the aggression against the Arab states by instigating the Israeli Zionists.

Due Reprisal for U.S. Imperialism

PYONGYANG, June 7 (KCNA Commentator) The UAR Government on June 6 closed the Suez Canal and severed diplomatic relations with the U.S. Following suit were Algeria, Yemen, Syria, Sudan and Lebanon.

This is a due reprisal for U.S. imperialism which has instigated Israel to provoke an aggressive war against Arab countries and is directly taking part in it.

Seeing that the Israeli expansionists are meeting with united opposition of the Arab countries, the imperialists have come to aid with arms.

The air force of the U.S. 6th Fleet has been participating in the armed invasion by Israeli forces since the beginning by making air raids and giving aerial cover to the latter. More, the U.S. imperialists are replenishing aircraft and tanks the Israeli forces have lost as well as their ammunition. Having launched the "undeclared war" against the Arab countries, the U.S. imperialists have become a belligerent. The Johnson Administration has fully laid bare its hypocritical nature although it clamoured about "neutrality."

Under the situation in which U.S. imperialism is openly taking part with arms in Israel's aggressive war from the beginning, it is only natural for Arab countries to sever diplomatic relations with it.

The Korean people who regard the aggression of U.S. imperialism and Israel against Arab countries as one against themselves and are filled with the determination to support in every way the just struggle of Arab countries, roundly condemn the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialists and fully support the retaliatory measure taken in unison by the UAR, Algerian, Syrian, Yemeni, Sudanese and Lebanese governments.

The struggle of the Arab peoples against the aggression of the U.S. imperialists and Israeli Zionists is a just struggle for driving the imperialist forces out of the Near and Middle East, liberating Palestine, defending national independence and dignity and safeguarding peace and security in this region.

Therefore, the peoples of all countries supporting the anti-imperialist, anti-colonial struggle and national liberation movement should firmly support to the end the resolute struggle of the Arab peoples against the U.S. imperialists and the Israeli Zionists.

Genuine peace and security in the Near and Middle East can be secured only when Palestine is liberated, the U.S. imperialists and other imperialist forces are removed from that region and the national independence and dignity of the Arab peoples are guaranteed.

June 10: A Bloody Day For Korea's Independence

On June 10, 1926, just 41 years ago, the Korean people launched a mass demonstration against Japanese imperialist colonial rule, directly organized and led by the Korean Communist Party.

The Japanese imperialists who seized the whole of Korea in 1910, suffered a severe blow from the March 1 Popular Uprising (1919) and pursued the policy of plunder, suppression and national persecution against the Korean people in a more treacherous way, in the guise of "civilian rule."

The angered Korean people launched waves of anti-Japanese imperialist struggles in the 20's, including strikes by workers, tenancy disputes by peasants and boycotts of classes by students. Moreover, about this time, various Marxist-Leninist groups were formed. In order to organize and mobilize the scattered masses for coordinated struggles against the Japanese imperialists, on the basis of the increased and strengthened pupular struggle, the Korean Communist Party (1925-28) planned to wage a nationwide anti Japanese demonstration struggle, on June 10, 1926, taking advantage of the funeral services for King Soon Jong, the last heir to the Li Dynasty.

For this demonstration struggle, the Korean Communist Party set up a "Guiding Committee," let the Young Communists under its guidance to make necessary preparations, including printing tens of thousands of handbills and appeals and establishing contacts among various parts of the country.

In the course of the preparations for the demonstration struggle, a number of leading communists were arrested in massive raids and suppression by the Japanese imperialist police. As a result, coordination work among the key points in various parts of the country was disrupted. Not discouraged by this, patriotic people unleashed on June 10 an anti-Japanese demonstration struggle as planned. In Seoul, communists led workers, youths and students, and people in all walks of life in the struggle.

The demonstrators distributed handbills and appeals, shouting "Long live the independence of Korea!" "Down with the Japanese imperialists!" and other slogans. The handbills and appeals read: "Korea belongs to the Korean people!" "Abolish government by governor-general!" and so on. The people all gallantly fought against the Japanese imperialist police force, but were finally suppressed.

"Manse (Long live) Korea's independence!"—shouting this sublime slogan, Korean people on June 10, 1926 held anti-Japanese demonstrations throughout the country.

On that day, various forms of anti-Japanese demonstrations were conducted in many cities including Inchun City.

The June 10 Manse Struggle exposed the aggressive and beastlike nature of the Japanese imperialists and dealt a telling blow to the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, demonstrating that no suppressive fascist rule can frustrate the revolutionary spirit of the Korean people fighting gled for the freedom and indepedence of their fatherland.

On the basis of experiences and lessons acquired through the struggles in 20's and in view of the new developments in the situation, the communists led by Marshal Kim Il Sung developed the anti-Japanese national liberation movement of the Korean people to a new higher stage, to the organized armed struggle based on the Marxist-Leninist strategy and tactics.

The People's Korea
Published every Wednesday by Chosun Shinbosa
Office: 5, Tsukudo Hachiman cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan
Anyone is free to reproduce any articles or stories in the People's Korea